A final note on the words of the song which Mr. sees calls "O Brudder William." The song was sublished as long ago as August, 1863, by H. G.



Spaulding in an article entitled "Under the Pal-"The Continental Monthly." Here is the first stanza:

O brudder William,
You want to get religion,
Bi' down in de lonesome valley;
Down in de lonesome valley,
Go down in de lonesome valley, my Lord.
Rf down in de lonesome valley,
You meet my Jesus dere.

Later it was noted down independently in the Port Reyal Islands and printed in "Slave Songs of the United States," by William Francis Allen, Charles Pickard Ware and Lucy McKim Garrison. In a footnote Colonel Thomas Wentworth Higginon explains the imagery of the song as follows:
"De valley" and "de lonesome valley" were fa

miliar words in their religious experience. To de seend into that region implied the same process the "anxious seat" of the camp-meeting When a young girl was supposed to enter it. bound a handkerchief by a peculiar knot on her head, and made it a point of honor not to change single garment till the day of her baptism, so that she was sure of being in physical readiness for the cleansing rite, whatever her spiritual mood might be. More than once, in noticing a damse thus mystically kerchiefed, I have asked some sky attendant its meaning, and have received unfailing answer-framed with their usual indifference to the genders of pronouns-"He in de

It would be interesting to determine, if it possible, to what extent the popularity of Mr. Sousa's marches are due to the clever manner in which he has caught up and given out again the of the music which the people of America have come to associate with the old plantations o the South. These marches appeal with peculiar force to Americans, but all Europe has yielded to their stirring and piquant rhythms, and there can be no question that they meet one requirement of national music in being "racy of the soil." The new march, which Mr. Sousa calls "Hands Across is scarcely up to the standard of "The Washington Post" and its immediate successors, night move considerably faster and kept up th traditions of the past in arousing a deal of enthu siasm among the listeners. It is not a great com position in any sense, but vastly superior to Mr. Sousa's setting of "Oh, Why Should the Spirit of Mortal Be Proud?" which is nothing but preten-

The concert given in Carnegie Hall last Saturday afternoon seemed designed less to disclose the lavely artistic powers of Mme. Lehmann than to in conductor. Mme. Lehmann's numbers were pieces which she had sung at earlier concerts and opera performances, and could, of course, offer no reve-lation. Mr. Kaltenborn makes a graceful and modest appearance before an orchestra, and beats accurately and well.

Mrs. Katherine Fisk will give a song recital in Chickering Hall next Thursday afternoon, beginning at 3 o'clock, in aid of the Metropolitan Hos pital and Dispensary, at which the programme will

be as follows:
First time in America
Burg by Mrs. Fisk at London Philarmonic, under direc-
"Legie Lindsay"
"Leezie Lindsay"
"Bendermeer Stream" (Old Stotch.)
"The Lass with the Delicate Air"
"La Cloche" Saint Saëns Si J'étais Jardinier Chaminade
"Sandmanuchen" Chaminade
The Northern Joy." Two Folk Songs Chadwick
"Rock-s-ove Dearie" John Hyatt Brewer
"The Eay Ship"
"ine Red, Red Rose, )

# CONDITIONS OF LIFE IN GUAM.

RIVALRY AMONG NATIVES AND MISSION ARIES-GOOD FIELD FOR ENTERPRISE. San Francisco, April 23 (Special).-The barken

tine Ruth arrived in port late last night from Guam with a cargo of copra, coccanuts, copper and old iron. The Ruth also brought the officers and part of the crew of the whaling bark Horatio, which was wrecked on January 27 while entering the South Harbor of Kusaic. All save two of the Horatio's sailors dropped off at different islands in the Caroline group to await the arrival of some other whaler or to live a lazy life among the

Among the passengers was J. Extrom, who has been engaged in trading in the South Seas for many years. Extrom's hendquarters were formerly on the island of Ruk, but he moved to Guam on account of the quarrelsome proclivities of the na-tives. Every dispute is settled by resort to arms

When the natives of one island settle differences they unite and hunt trouble on some other island. They always find it, and in a short time the visits are repaid with interest.

Among the Ruk missionaries the rivairy is scarcely less bitter than that among the aborigines. Chief among the missionary squabblers is the Rev. A.fred Snelling, who was sent to the Carolines about ten years ago from Boston by the Congregational Board of Missions. His work proved unsatisfactory, and a few years ago Dr. Price was sent to relieve him. Snelling immediately set up an upposition fold. Wherever Price set up schools Snelling did likewise. Each warns the natives sgainst the other's doctrines, and between them religious affairs in Ruk are kept at a boiling point. Price was not long ago succeeded by the Rev. Luther Stimson, who is carrying on a war against Snelling. The latter is the most popular at present. He received by the Ruth a large consignment of cioth and trinkets, and by judicious use these articles have won over most of the native rulers.

these articles have won over most of the native rulers.

Guam, according to passengers on the Ruth, is a land of great promise. The climate resembles that of the Hawaiian group. The Germans are making strenuous efforts to gain a foothold. The Bpanish capital in the Carolines is at Ponape, where the Dons maintain a garrison and two gunboats. The Spanish have been cooped up in a fort by the natives ever since the news of the taking of Guam by Americans was brought to the Island by German traders from Jaluit. When the Spanisris learned of the presence of the cruiser Charleston in those of the presence of the cruiser Charleston in those waters they took the gunboats as far up the river as possible and hid them in a mangrove swamp.

The island of Guam offers a fine field for American enterprise. The soil is productive and the Batives are kindly disposed toward the United States. The island is directly in the line of travel that will be established between this country and the Philippines, and promises to be far from the least valuable of Uncle Sam's possessions.

## SON OF ARMY OFFICER BURNED.

San Francisco, April 23.—The Sherbourne School, boarding institution for boys, located in the

CATIONAL BILL.

TO BE CHOSEN FROM EIGHT JUDICIAL DIS-TRICTS-DEMOCRATS MANY CONSIDER

IT A PARTY MEASURE. Albany, April 23 (Special).-Senator Elon R. Brown, of Watertown, made the interesting statement yesterday that Senator White had accepted from him an amendment to the latter's Educational bill, which would provide for the election of a State Commissioner of Education in 1905 by Regents elected in the eight judicial districts of the State. The bill would provide that the first Commissioner of Education should be nominated by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate, but the second holder of the office (the term being six years) should be elected by the Judicial District Regents of the

"I have been opposed to the State Educational bill up to this time," said Senator Brown, "but the acceptance of my amendment, of course, has induced me to support the measure. The amendment provides for the election of a regent in each one of the eight judicial districts at the fall election. With the Governor they are to be known as 'elective regents,' to distinguish them from the regents who have been elected by the State Legislature. The first Commissioner of Education, however, under my amendment will be appointed by Governor Roosevelt, but when his term expires his successor is to be appointed by the Governor and the eight regents elected from the judicial districts. My purpose in having these regents elected from the judicial districts is perpetually to insure that the educational system of the State shall not ever be controlled by the city of New-York. New-York now controls its own schools, and I do not wish it ever, through gaining possession of the Legislature, to possess power to elect a State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and thus grasp control of the school system of the rest of the State. By providing that the elective regents shall be elected from the judicial districts there will be a certainty that the counties outside of New-York will always have the naming of the State Commissioner of Education."

NEW REGENTS TO HAVE FULL POWER.

"I also provide in my amendment that the Judicial District Regents shall become members of the present Board of Regents and act with them on all matters of business now transacted by them. But my amendment also declares that no more regents shall be elected by the Legislature. As they resign or die, therefore, their places will not be filled. The regents of the judicial districts in a few years would form the majority of the Board of Regents and would then control its policy. Under my amendment the Board of Regents thus created will control both branches of the educational system of the State, the high schools and the common schools."

"The judicial district elective regents are to hold office for fourteen years and be ineligible to hold office after attaining the age of seventy years. The regents are going to have a meet-ing on Monday or Tuesday, I understand, to

consider my amendments."

Senator White declared, when told what Senator Brown had said: "I have accepted his amendment providing for the election of the regents by judicial districts and the other parts f his plan and shall move its adoption on Tues-

Senator Brown's proposed amendment to the senator Brown's proposed amendment to the Educational bill has not become generally known to the members of the Legislature. Some of those who have heard of it made the criticism that it is very late in the session of the Legislature to propose such a radical change in the educational system of the State. It would be wiser in their judgment to postpone until be wiser, in their judgment, to postpone until the Legislature of 1900 the consideration of such a measure. They doubt if all the hearings of such a provision for the control of the schools could be noticed in the brief period between Tuesday next and Friday, when the Legislature

Some Republicans express the fear that the bill will be considered a political one, since under the judicial district system of electing the regents it would almost inevitably happen that a majority of the men thus elected would be Republicans. In the election of Supreme Court Judges in the judicial districts the Democrats ordinarily control three and the Republicans five districts. The bill, therefore, would substantially provide for the making of a Republican as State Commissioner of Education for six years, and then the election of five Republicans in as many then the election of five Republicans in as many judicial districts, who for fourteen years succeeding would control the school system of the State, and who would elect at least two State School Commissioners. Thus for twenty years the bill would put the control of the schools in the hands of one political party. Republicans say they fear the only result of the establishment of such a system would be constant at say they fear the only result of the establishment of such a system would be constant attempts by the Democratic party to break it down; that as soon, therefore, as a Democratic Legislature and Governor should be elected, a bill would be passed to take the control of the schools out of the hands of the Republican regents, and thus the schools of the State would be made the prey of politicians.

gents, and thus the schools of the State would be made the prey of politicians.

The regents of the university will consider all the arguments for or against the bill with great care at their meeting on Monday. It is, of course, possible that merits of the bill not now perceived may be then pointed out to them. Their own office is merely an honorary and unpaid one, and therefore they can act on the bill as they think in a disinterested manner. If the measure will improve the educational system of the State, they will undoubtedly approve of it. It will be remembered by many that Senator Brown's plan of elective regents, elected from the judicial districts, to control the educational system of the State is substantially the same as, the one which he presented and urged upon the Constitutional Convention of 1894, he being a member of that body, and also a member of its Committee on Education, and which was rejected by the committee and by the convention.

# BEAR, CUBS IN PROSPECT PARK.

The children who love to watch the animals in the menagerie in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, were delighted yesterday by the appearance of three little black bears. The cubs began their career about three months ago, but did not throw off their reserve and allow the common herd to gaze upon them until Saturday. Their first appearance was a lively one, however, and their playful antica kept a large crowd around the big cage all day. Sally is the name of the mother, and she is bub-bling over with pride on account of her offspring. This sentiment is not shared, however, by her hus band, Pete.

Pete objected to the undue partiality shown by Pete objected to the undue partiality shown by Saily for her bables and her corresponding neglect of himself, and he determined to end it by removing the source of the evil. He caught one of the cubs by the throat a few days age and was choking it to death when Policeman Moran and Dominick Carr, the keeper, appeared on the scene and frustrated the impending infanticide. Pete has been punished by being sent to stother cage. The cubs will probably be named, on account of the superlative fighting qualities which the have already exhibited at the expense of their own countenances, after Admirals Dewey, Sampson and Schley.

HIS HEAD STRUCK A TROLLEY POLE.

Peter A. Boyland, thirty-nine years old, of No. W Dean-at., Brooklyn, while riding in car No. 130 of the West End line, near Coney Island, yester-day, was seriously injured by striking his head against a trolley pole while the car was going at full speed. The passengers saw him thrust his head out of the window and then instantly fall back in the car unconscious. The trolley poles on this road are between the two tracks and the cars pass within a few inches of them, so that Boyland did not have to thrust his head far out to meet one. one.

He was attended by Dr. King, of the Flatbush Hospital, and taken to his home.

MISSOURI ABOVE DANGER LINE. Kansas City, Mo., April 28.-The Missouri River to-night is three inches above the danger line, the Government gauge registering 21.3 feet. This is a rise of eight inches since Saturday morning. The river is still rising, and as the current is exa boarding institution for boys, located in the suburban town of San Rafael, was burned to-day. There were a number of daring rescues, but Charles Armstrong, the six-year-old son of an Army officer now in Manila, rushed into the burning building and was lost. The fire originated in the furnisce-room, and is attributed to the carelessness of a servant.

#### OBITUARY.

CHARLES F. W. DAMBMANN. Charles Frederick William Dambmann died Saturday from Bright's disease at the Windsor Hotel, Orange, N. J., where he had been spending the

Mr. Dambmann was born in New-York City in 1858, and in early life was sent abroad to finish his education at the University of Heidelberg, Germany. Returning to this country, he established elimself in the fertilizer business in Baltimore, Ma., dealing heavily in phosphates. He accumulated a large fortune and retired from active business some years ago. Mr. Dambmann married Miss Helen Homans, of New-York, daughter of Sheppard Homans, the well-known actuary of the New-York Life insurance Company. The wedding took place in St. George's Chapel. Hanover Square, London, England, and was a brilliant social function. Mrs. Dambmann survives her husband, with three children.

dren.

The funeral will be held in the Greenwood Cemetery chapel to-morrow morning, and the burial will be in the family plot in that cemetery.

## THE REV. JOHN WARD.

Glenridge, N. J., April 23 (Special).-The Rev. John Ward, a retired Presbyterian minister, died at his ome, in Woodland-ave., last night from paralysis He was born in Bloomfield eighty-two years ago and was the son of Encs Ward. He was graduated from the University of the City of New-York and Union Theological Seminary. His last charge was at Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., over twenty years ago. He was the oldest ordained minister in the Presbytery of Newark, and was a member of the old First Presbyterian Church at Bloomfield for many years. He had been ill for two weeks.

## DR. JOHN RICHARD CONWAY

Dr. John Richard Conway died yesterday morning from pneumonia, after an illness of one week. ling from pneumonia, after an lineas was born and educated in New-York. He studied at St. Francis Xavier College and at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, being graduated from the latter in the class of '83. From 1832 to 1835 he was a member of the Bellevue Hospital staff. Later he was a visiting surgeon to Bellevue and Charity hospitals. Both his father and grandfather were physicians. He himself was both a physician and a surgeon, and had an extensive practice.

Dr. Conway was a member of the New-York State Medical Association and of the Bellevue Hospital Alumni Association. Recently he was elected a member of the Democratic Club, but had not yet qualified. The doctor was a widower, and leaves three young children. The youngest was six on Saturday, the day of the father's death.

The funeral will be held to-morrow at 16 a. m. at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, in West Sixteenth-st. The burial will be in Calvary Cemetery. was thirty-seven years old, and was born and

## LOUIS J. PONVERT.

Louis J. Ponvert, who died in this city on Friday last, after a long illness, owned, with his brother, Ellas Ponvert, one of the largest sugar plantations in Cuba. The plantation is at Central Hormiguero. It is said that its value is several million dollars. It has about forty miles of railway tracks, which used to carry on the business of the plantation. The plantation owners have a claim of about \$750,-000 against the Spanish Government for property

Mr. Ponvert was born in Trinidad, Cuba, about fifty-two years ago, and came to this country when a young man, and had since then always lived He was engaged in the sugar plantation

Mr. Ponvert became a member of the Union Club on November 1, 1871. He was years ago a member of the Jockey Club.

Mr. Ponvert leaves a widow, a stepson and a brother.

brother.

The funeral will be held at 11 o'clock this morning, at St. Leo's Church, in East Twenty-eighth-st. An invitation to be present is extended to relatives, members of the Union Club and other friends. The burial will be in the family plot in Greenwood

MAJOR GEORGE A. VANDERGRIFT. Atlanta, April 23.-Major George A. Vandergrift, paymaster in the United States Volunteer Army, paymaster in the United States Volunteer Army, who was stricken with apoplexy yesterday afternoon, died to-day without regaining consciousness. Major Vandergrift was born at Vicksburg, April 13, 1840. When the Civil War broke out he became adjutant of the 2d Ohlo Infantry, but was discharged on account of wounds two years later. We re-enlisted as major of the 37th Ohlo Volunteers in 1844. After the war he ongaged in steamboating, and later became a master in the United States lighthouse service. Major Vandergrift's home was in Cincinnati. Since May of last year he served as a paymaster of volunteers, with headquarters at Atlanta. Near the time of his death he was expecting to be ordered to Manila.

## THE REV. ROBERT RYLAND.

Lexington, Ky., April 23.-The Rev. Robert Ryland, probably the oldest Emptist clergyman and educator in the United States, died here to-day at the age of ninety-four. He was for twenty-eight years president of Richmond College. During much of this time he was also paster of the largest African church in the world, with three thousand members, nearly all Virginia slaves. His latter years were spent at the head of educational haditutions and churches in Kentucky and Tennessee.

# EDWARD CAMERON.

Philadelphia, April 23.-Edward Cameron, of St. Louis, Assistant Supervising Engineer of the United States Treasury, died in a hospital here Sir; Your correspondent, "A Lifelong Republilast evening from typhold pneumonia, Mr. Camlast evening from typhold pneumonia. Mr. Cam-eron was born in St. Louis thirty-eight years ago. He was appointed Assistant Supervising Engineer in 187, and shortly after that came to this city as general superintendent of construction of the new mint now being built here. Mr. Cameron laid the plan for the present city of Madison, III. His body has been sent to St. Louis. He leaves a mother, two sisters and two brothers.

SUPPOSED AMERICAN KILLS HIMSELF. London, April 24.-A dispatch from Belfast to "The Daily News" reports the suicide there last evening (Sunday) of a fashionably dressed man named Osborne, supposed to be an American. H

PROPOSED NEW ATLANTIC CABLE. London, April 24.-The Lisbon correspondent of

The Times" says:

The Portuguese Cortes has approved a project for laying and working a cable from the Azores to North America, Great Britain and Germany. The undertaking will be carried out by the Europe and Azores Telegraph Company."

## THE WEATHER REPORT. YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

Washington, April 23.—The rain area, which covered the Mississippi Valley and the Gulf States, has extended over the Middle Onto Valley and the South Atlantic States, and rain has been followed by fair weather in the Lower Mississippi Valley and the Southwest. Showers have occurred in Montana, elsewhere fair weather has prevailed. The temperature changes have been unimportant. An area of low barometer is developing over Utah, and a slight depression is control over Utoh, and a slight depression is central over Eastern Missouri. The baremeter is high in the extreme North-west, over the St. Lawrence Valley and off the South Atlantic Coast. During Monday showers are likely to occur from the Middle Mississippi Valley over the Middle Atlantic States. By Tuesday showers are likely to occur over the Western States and the Middle Rocky Mountain districts. Along the New England Coast the winds will districts. Along the New-England Coast the winds will be variable Monday. Southerly winds will prevail on the Middle Atlantic Coast, and fresh southeasterly winds on the South Atlantic Coast. The Lower Mississippi has failen at Memphis, has remained stationery at Vickrburg and has failen 0.4 foot to 16.8 feet at New-Orieans. The Missouri has reached the danger line at Omaha, and is within 0.1 foot of the danger line at Kansas City. The dieplay of wind signals on the Great Lakes will not be resumed until the breaking up of ice opens navigation. This may not occur before April 25.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For New-England, partly Soudy Monday and Tues

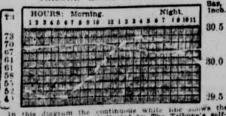
For Eastern New-York, partly cloudy Monday; shower Monday night or Tuesday: variable winda.

For New-Jersey, partly cloudy Monday; warmer in Southern portion; probably showers Tuesday; variable

For the District of Columbia, Eastern Penns Por the District of Columbia, Eastern Pennsylvania, Deiaware and Maryland increasing cloudiness Monday; protably showers Monday night and Tuesday; winds mostly fresh, southerly.

For Western Pennsylvania, showers Monday, with cooler weather in southern portion; variable winds; fair Tuesday. For Western New-York, probably showers Monday; fresh northeasterly winds; partly cloudy and probably showers Tuesday.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATION.



in this diagram the continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line shows the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

was fair and warm. The temperature ranged between 49 and 72 degrees, the average 68 h degrees being 74 degrees higher than that of Saturday and 15 degrees lower than that of the corresponding day of last year. The weather to-day will be partly cloudy.

# LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

HOW NOT TO RUN A RAILROAD. THE IMPOSITIONS INFLICTED ON ITS PATRONS BY THE NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN

AND HARTFORD.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Is it of any avail for a simple citizen to enter a protest about the methods of the New-York.

New-Haven and Hartford Railroad and to express the hope that a very patient worm will some time turn against this most obnoxious of all the monop-olies with which New-York is afflicted? I had occasion to send a lady off on the 3 o'clock train to Boston this afternoon and my experience was such as to make plain the absolute indifference of this company to its patrons' convenience, the agement, and the amateurish incompetency with which everything except the collection of tribute from a long-suffering public is accomplished on this After standing in a line of twenty or thirty people

till I reached the parlor-car ticket window, I was informed that there was no seat left in this train. There were doubtless dozens of spare parlor-cars lying in the yards, but why should the company that owns all the seven transportation lines Boston go to the trouble and expense of accommodating its patrons? If they don't like it, they can stay at home. My friend was fortunate enough to get a seat in an ordinary coach, but there were unfortunates in considerable number who had to stand.

unfortunates in considerable number who read to stand.

The baggage had been delivered two hours before the train started at the regular delivery window. We sought in vain for it in the baggage-room, where crowds of excited passengers were laboring with a very few overworked baggage officials in a perfect babel of confusion. A wider radius of search discovered the trunk far down in the train shed in a nile of other baggage. No porter in sight. I extricated it myself and succeeded in draging it into the baggage-room and in gaining the attention of the baggage-master long enough to have it checked. If my friend had been travelling alone she would have had either to miss her train or go without her trunk.

The narrow, provincial, childish methods of the consolidated road, that charges exorbitant rates for this kind of service, are not even a good monopoly policy. All Western New-England is held subject to it, and everybody who wants to go to New-England has to pass through this mill. The traffic is vast, but do not the managers ever think that it could be made even vaster if modern, skilful and enlightened railroad practice were followed and prices commensurate with the value of the service charged?

New-York, April 23, 1899.

harged? New-York, April 23, 1899.

### SOWING SEEDS OF DOUBT. MINISTERS REQUESTED TO KEEP SUCH TOPICS

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Your editorial on the inconsistent attitude of modern Protestantism and that of Catholicism

will be read with great interest. You were good enough to quote the Rev. A. M. Fairbairn on the latter. There is another work which deals with this whole subject, entitled "The Unity of the Faith." by the late Rev. R. B. Fairbairn, warden of St. Stephen's College. It deals with the influ-ence speculative philosophy and logical inference have exercised on faith. We are disposed to think that much of the mod

ern doubt and distrust and unbellef is due to the pulpit discourses themselves. If the same principle were followed out in other departments of life which is employed by many ministers of the Gos-pel to-day, chaos would surely reign. Edifying, indeed, may it be to the occupants of the galleries to listen to an exposition of queer doctrines from the pulpit, but it surely is not so to the devout be-liever. The latter knows the doubts that will arise in the minds of his family as a consequence, and the difficult questions which the little child will propound to him for solution from its Sundayschool book after hearing such metaphysical excursions. If the editors of a paper were busied daily in exposing its weakness and calling in ques tion its principles, we would expect a parting of the paths or a dissolution of service. If an am-bassador devoted his time and talents to argu-ment against his country or the putting forth of peculiar views, surely trouble would arise and his

recall follow.

And so we might illustrate indefinitely the consequences of ill-used trusts. They are not tolerated in other walks. Why should they be among the

in other walks. Why should they be among the clergy?

The faith will continue to decline, the discomforting war of words will continue, until the professional religionist learns to reserve his doubtful disputations for their proper place, viz., professional circles. There they will receive their proper answer, and will not enter the breasts of those incapable of understanding or reasoning on purely technical subjects which appeal to the profound student of a special line of thought. The human being to-day desires the comforts of religion, as he always has. The deathbed scene is the proof of that. It does seem, at times, as if some of the under that comfort. H. A. FAIRBAIRN, M. D. Brooklyn, April 23, 1859.

#### A SCOFFER ANSWERED. THE FACTS ABOUT TWO RECENTLY PUBLISHED LETTERS.

can," giving his address "Union League Club," he who signs his letter to your paper on the 14th are evidently one and the same. The purpose of each communication to make a sort of underhand attack on the President must be apparent to all. The first-named says "the talk heard on railroad trains among commercial travellers and business men is not favorable to the Administration at

Washington, and there is a name now on every lip which is not that of President McKinley." This is rot, and lacks even verisimilitude. The writer travels continuously on railroads, min-The writer travels continuously on railroads, mingles with business men and talks politics a great deal, and he has heard no other name on any lip for the Republican nomination than McKinley's. Democrats accept his nomination as a foregone conclusion, and it is a safe remark to make, if the convention were held to-day no other name would be brought before it. The nomination would be unanimous, and the election, beyond peradventure of doubt, not less a victory than '96.

It is a cheap device to sign "Union League Club" or "Union League Republican" and will deceive no one. There are Republicans outside the Union League Club quite as prominent and quite as loyal as any in it, and there are those in the Union League Club who are not Republicans.

C. New-York City, April 19, 1899.

[The Tribune welcomes the expressions of opinion on public topics by its readers, and it prints as many "Letters to the Editor" as it can find room for. It asks only that the names of the writers shall be supplied, whether signed to the letters or not, and that letters shall be written in good temper and good faith. The Tribune prints hundreds of these communications, whether it approves their opinions or not. As for "A Lifelong Republican," it is sufficient to say that he is a well-known member of the Union League Club. The letter signed "Union League Club Republican" is from an equally well-known member of the Union Club, who assures us that he has no knowledge of the previous writer. The signature to his letter was, by the curious fate which besets all newspaper offices, incorrectly set into type in the composing-room.-Ed.]

#### EXPLORATIONS IN EGYPT. THE REV. W. C. WINSLOW APPEALS FOR AMERI-CAN SUPPORT FOR THE WORK.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: The results from the splendid discoveries in Egypt benefit every phase of human learning or progress, all the sciences and arts as well as literature and religion The Egypt Exploration Fund has now three dis-

tinct departments-its Greco-Roman branch, discovering and publishing valuable papyri from the masters in the ancient world, its volume for 1895 including Thucydides, Herodotus, Homer, Plato, etc., the oldest extant leaves from the New-Testament, and most fascinating details of social, business and municipal doings in the early centuries; its archæological survey department, turies; its archæological survey department, for re-tording texts and transcribing scenes from the monuments of peculiar interest before they are destroyed by vandalism, and its general work of original discovery, under the lead of Professor

Beautiful illustrations from the ruins, sculpture, objects of art and religious or domestic use, some of the plates in colors, appear in our annual vol-umes. An annual volume, the "Archæological Rebrochure, and the annual report with subport"

port" brochure, and the annual report with subscribers' hames, are all three sent to each donor of not less than 5; 1126 constitutes life membership. Over six hundred Americans of eminence, among them one hundred and ten university or college presidents, have been subscribers.

Depending absolutely upon subscriptions, now imperatively needed to continue its work, the society makes its annual appeal to the intelligent public. In this appeal through your friendly columns, I cordially invite all interested to address for our illustrated circular the Rev. W. C. Winslow, or the secretary, Mrs. Marie N. Buckman, at the National office, No. 5 Temple-st. Boston, Mass. Checks may be sent to the order of Francis C. Poster, honorary treasurer. Antiquities are now divided smong our museums strictly pro rata of the subscriptions received from their respective is califies.

The honorary officials, some of them actively at work in the cause, all donate their services.

WILLIAM COPLEY WINSLOW, M. B.
Honorary Secretary and Vice-President for the United States.
Boston, April 21, 1899.

PLEASED WITH THE TRIBUNE'S REPORT To the Editor of The Tribune.

sir: I wish to compilment you for the way in which you published so good a report of the Bryan dinner. The fullest and truest account appeared in your columns. I have sold, or rather caused to be sold, personally more than a dosen copies on that account to those who will certainly appreciate it in the future, together with myself. Very fully yours, F. SHEFFIELD. Orchard Farm, West Nyack, N. Y., April 17.

ST. GEORGE'S DAY OBSERVED.

CELEBRATION HELD IN THE CHURCH OF ST.

St. George's Day was observed with an elaborate gelist. No. 222 West Eleventh-st., last night. Among the societies represented by delegations was founded in 1786; Order of the Sons of St. George unded in 1871-Neison Lodge No. 64, Ivy Lodge 65. Eureka Lodge No. 129. Charles Dickens Lodge No. 45, Gordon Lodge No. 78 and Empire Lodge No. 385; Order of the Daughters of \$1. George, founded in 1834-Burdett Courts Lodge No. 46; Independent Order of Daughters of St. George-Victoria Lodge No. 8 (Brooklyn), Anglo-Baxon Lodge No. 100, 40; Independent Order of Daughters of St. George-Victoria Lodge No. 83; Longfellow Lodge No. 100, 40; Independent 65, Eureka Lodge No. 179, Charles Dickens Lodg

Johnson's Digestive Tablets, being vegetable pep-

Sneezing and watery eyes are the harbingers of cold, and Jayne's Expectorant is the antidote.

### MARRIED.

CLEMENS—HEYE—On Saturday, April 22, Marie An-toinette, daughter of the late Gustave Heye, to Dr. James B. Clemens. No cards.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be in-dersed with full name and address.

#### DIED.

Barnum, Charlotte B.
Clapp, Anna.
Cuningham, P. L.
Dill, Maris.
Garrettson, Nicholas C.
Grant, Duncan A.
Hoagan, Anabel F.
Palmer, F. Herbert.
Ponvert, Louis J.
Ransom, Gurden S.

Sanford, Amy B.
Stebbins, Henry D.
Steere, Edward P.
Thorn, Sarah,
Underhill, Marry A.
Van Idenstine, Frederick A.
Van Viet, Isaac N.
Ward, John
Weeks, Amy J.
Wheaton, Claries M.

BARNUM—In New-Haven, Conn., April 22, 1809, Charlotte Bette, widow of Rev. Samuel Weed Barnum, Funeral services will be held at her late residence, No. 144 Humphrey-st., on Tuesday morning, April 25, at 11:30 o'clock.
Friends are invited to attend.
Interment at Stamford, Conn.

CLAPP—In Paris, April 21, Anna, widow of Samuel H. Clapp and daughter of the late William S. Ver Planck, of Fishkill, N. Y. Requiem mass at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, West 16th-st., on Monday, 24th inst., at 10 a. m. CUNINGHAM-Suddenly, at South Norwalk, Conn., Colo-nel P. I., Cuningham, ir his 85th year.

DILL-On Sunday, April 23, Maria Dill, daughter of the late Joseph Dill.

Funeral services from the residence of Miss Maria Jones, 238 West 46th-st., on Tuesday, 25th inst., at 2:30 p. m. Interment at Woodlawn. Interment at Woodiawn.

GAHRETTSON—On April 22, 1899, Nicholas C. Garrettson, in the Suth year of his age.

Funeral service from his late residence, in 3d-st., Somerville, N. J. on Tuesday, April 23, 1899, at 8:30 p. m. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Conches will be in waiting on arrival of train.

GRANT-On Sunday morning. April 23, in the 78th year of his age. Duncan Alexander Grant. Notice of funeral hereafter. HOAGAN-On April 22, Anabel Fichter Hongan, widow of P. P. Hoagan. Funeral services Tuesday, April 25, 11 a. m., at Rocks-way, N. J.

PALMER—On Saturday, April 22, 1899, at his home. Herbert Palmer, son of Herbert F. Palmer and Ann Witter Palmer, in the 32d year of his age. Funeral services private. Kindly omit flowers.

PONVERT-On Friday, April 21, Louis J. Ponvert, aged 52 years.

A solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul on Monday morning, 24th inst., at 11 o'clock, at St. Leo's Church, 28th-st. Relatives and friends, also the members of the Union Club, are respectfully invited to attend.

RANSOM—Gurdon Saltonstall, beloved little son of War-ren A. and Harriott W. Ransom, on April 22, at Knox-ville, Tenn., after a short illness. SANFORD—On Saturday, April 22, 1809, Amy Bradish, wife of Edward I. Sanford and daughter of the late George and Elizabeth Johnston Bradish. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Transfiguration, East 20th-st., on Monday, April 24, at 11 o'clock.

STEBBINS—At Cornwall on Hudson, April 23, 1800, the Rev. Henry Dows Stebbins, of Norwich, N. Y., son of the late Charles Stebbins, of Cazenovia, N. Y. Funeral at Norwich, Tuesday afternoon, April 25, at 2:30 o'clock.

STEERS Suddenly, at his late residence, No. 2,076 5th-ave. Saturday, April 22, Edward Paulet Steers, in the 63d year of his age. Funeral services will be held at St. Andrew's Church, 127th-st. and 5th-ave., on Tuesday afternoon, April 25, at 4 o'clock.

THORP—On Sunday, April 23, at her late residence, No. 40 East 63d-st. Sarah, widow of the late Gould Thorp, In her B3d year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

Notice of funeral access of the family.

INDERHILL—At her residence. Stonecrest, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., 4th month, 21st day, 1808, Mary Augusta Wood, wife of Francis Lawrence Underhill and daughter of Honry and the late Mary Jane Wood.

Funeral from her late residence Monday, 4 p. m.

Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Depot 2:08.

Interment at convenience of the family.

VAN iDERSTINE—At his residence, No. 164 Lafayette-ave, Brooklyn, on Friday, April 21, 1809, Frederick A. Van Iderstine, in the 58th year of his age. Puneral services will be held at his late residence on Monday, April 28, at 2 p. m.

VAN VLIET—Suddenly, of apoplexy, on Friday, April 21, 1899, at his residence, No. 118 West 129th-st., Isaac N. Van Vliet, aged 64.
Funeral private.
Interment at Catskill, N. Y. WARD—At Gien Ridge, N. J., April 22, 1869, Rev. John-Ward, aged 82 years.
Funeral services at his late residence, No. 27 Woodland—ave., Glen Ridge, N. J., on Wednesday, April 26, at 2:30 p. m.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

WEEKS-On Saturday, April 22, in the 42d year of her age Amy Josebury, wife of Rev. Robert Weeks.
Funeral Tuesday, April 25, from Grace Church, Riverhead, at 11:30.

Train leaves 34th-st. East River, 8:30 a. m., and returning leaves Riverhead 3:10 p. m.
Interment Greenwood at convenience of the family.

WHEATON-Sunday morning, April 23, 1899, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. 8. E. Purday, North-st., White Flains, Mrs. Clarissa M. Wheaton, widow of the late Henry Ward Wheaton.

Friends are invited to attend funeral services at her late residence, Wednesday, April 23, at 2 p. m.
Coaches in waiting at the White Flains Station on arrival of the 12:35 train from Grand Central.

OFFICE, 1 MADISON AVE., COR. 23D ST., N. T.

#### Special Notices. Tribune Terms to Mail Subscribers.

Tribune Terms to Mail Subscribers.

Daily (with Sunday), \$10 a year; 6 months, \$5; 2 months, \$250; one month, \$1.

Daily, without Sunday, \$8 a year; 6 months, \$4; 2 months, \$2, 000 month, \$0 cents.

Sunday Tribune, separately, \$2 a year; 6 months, \$1.

Weekly Tribune, leasued Wednesdays, \$1 a year.

Semi-Weekly Tribune, leasued Tuesdays and Fridays, \$2 year—libustrated supplement with Friday's Issue.

Tribune Almanac for 1896—25 cents a copy, postpaid,

Tribune Almanac for 1896—25 cents a copy, postpaid,

REMITTANCES should always be made in Postofice money order, Express money order, or draft of New-York City. If cash is sent by mail, unregistered, The Tribune wil, not to responsible for its 1998.

POSTAOS—Extra postage is charged to foreign countries, except Mexic and Canada, and on the daily in New-York City.

MAIN OFFICE—No. 154 Nassau—st.

MAIN OFFICE—No. 154 Nassau—st.

MAIN OFFICE—No. 154 Nassau—st.

MAIN OFFICE—No. 156 Nassau—st.

Morton, Chapilia & Co., No. 3 New Oxford-st.

American Express Company, No. 8 Waterloo Piace.

Themas Cook & Son, Ladgate Circus.

The London office of The Tribune Is a convenient place to leave advertisements and subscriptions.

Parts—J Monroe & Co., No. 31 Roulevard Haussmans.

Oxede Liyohnaia, Co., No. 31 Roulevard Haussmans.

Credit Lyohnaia, Bureau des Etrangers.

American Express Company, No. 8 Rue Halevy.

Thomas Cook & No., No. 17 Rue Provence.

Morgan, Harjes & Co., No. 31 Roulevard Haussmans.

Credit Lyohnaia, Rureau des Etrangers.

American Express Company, No. 8 Rue Halevy.

Thomas Cook & No., No. 17 Rue Provence.

Morgan, Harjes & Co., No. 31 Roulevard Haussmans.

Credit Lyohnaia, Rureau des Etrangers.

American Express Company, No. 8 Rue Halevy.

Thomas Cook & No., No. 17 Rue Provence.

Morgan, Harjes & Co., No. 31 Roulevard Haussmans.

Credit Lyohnaia, Rureau des Etrangers.

American Express Company, No. 8 Rue Halevy.

Thomas Cook & No., No. 17 Rue Provence.

Morgan Harjes & Co., No. 30 Rue Halevy.

Union Theological Seminary.

Union Theological Season

Too Park Avenue.

THE SOCIAL SIGNIFICANCE OF THE RELIGIOUS
REVIVAL IN ENGLAND IN THE 18TH

AND 19TH CENTURIES.

Eight Public Lectures on the Ely Foundation,
By the Rev. THOMAS C. HALL, D. D.

VII.—The High Church Reaction.

Tuesday, April 25, 4:30 P. M.

VIII.—Summary and Conclusion. Wednesday, April 26, 4:30 P. M. New York City Marble Cemetery.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Vault Owners in the New York City Marble Cemetery, Second Street, between First and Second Avenues, will be held at Olive Memorial Church, No. 88 Second Street, directly opposite the Cemetery, on Monday, the Sev day of Mark at a ricety or of the content of the co

# Special Notices.

THIS AFTERNOON-TO-NIGHT. AMERICAN ART GALLERIES, MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK. Absolute Public Sale this (Monday);

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY Afternoon and Evening At 3 and 8 o'Clook. AT THE

AMERICAN ART GALLERING, HADISON SQUARE SOUTH. AN IMPORTANT COLLECTION OF

OIL PAINTINGS

By Old and Modern Masters Valuable Authenticated Relice of LORD BYRON AND NAPOLEON, Fine Bronges, Oriental Porcelains and Enamels, Old China, Bric-a-Brao,

ANTIQUE FURNITURE f the Louis XVI, Empire and Renale sance Periods. French, Italian, English and Portuguese Fine Old Rugs, Etc., Etc.

Belonging to SENHOR BALVADOR DE MENDONCA

BRAZILIAN MINISTER, REMOVED FROM HIS LATE RESIDENCE. WASHINGTON, D. C.

#### Also THIRTEEN VALUABLE SCULPTURES

BY THE LATE CHAUNCEY B. IVES TO BE SOLD AT ABSOLUTE PUBLIC SALE

> BY ORDER OF HIS WIDOW, AND

A Beautiful BEAUVAIS TAPESTRY OF THE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY,

JAMES A. BANCKER. THOMAS E. KIRBY, Auctioneer, THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, MANAGERS, 6 East 23d St., Madison Square South, New York.

To be sold by order of

DR. HENRY D. NICOLL. Executor of the late

"A" JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer. NOW ON FREE EXHIBITION, A Valuable Collection of OIL PAINTINGS,

WITH SOME ADDITIONS Included in the sale are 3 oil paint-ings, a pen and ink sketch and black and white drawings by FORTUNY. The above, together with some other paintings in the collection, were purchased by the present owner AT THE FORTUNY SALE.

The property of a gentleman who does not

Other important works are PANDORA, by Bouguereau. THE ALHAMBRA, by Benjamin Constant. Also a great many other fine examples by celebrated artists, a descriptive catalogue of which is now ready and will be mailed free on application.

To be Sold at Auction FIFTH AVENUE ART GALLERIES,

between 34th and 35th sts., Thursday & Friday, April 27th & 28th

MEMORIAL WINDOWS.

(Should be rend DAILY by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending April 25, 1800, will close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows: Parcels Post Mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below.

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

THESDAY—At 6 a. m. for Europe, per 2 a. \*Kalest.

THANNATIANTIC MALES.

THANNATIANTIC MALES.

Friedrich, via Cherbourg, Southampton and Bremen.

WEDNESDAY—At 7 a.m. (supplementary 9 a.m.) for

Europe, per a.g. New-York, via Southampton; at

10:30 a.m. for Belgium direct, per a. Kensington,

via Antwerp (letters must be directed "ner Kensington"); at 12 m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for Europe,

per a.g. "Cymic, via Queentown.

per a s. "Cumric, via Queenstown.

SATURDAY—At 8 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. "Umbria, via Queenstown (letters for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkev, Egypt and British India muse be directed "per Umbria"); at a m. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and British India, per s. s. I.a Gascome, via Havre (letters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per La Gascome"); at 8 a. m. for Northerlands direct per s. s. Spaerndam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Spaarndam"); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. s. Hekla (letters must be directed "per Hekla").

ePrinted Matter, etc.—German steamers sailing on Tuesdays take printed matter, etc., for Germany, and specially addressed printed matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. American and White Star steamers on Wednesdays, German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take printed matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of supplementary transatiantic malls named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN
WEST INDIES, ETC.

MONDAY—At 13 p. m. for Belize, Puerto Cortes and
Guatemala, per steamer from New-Oriesons. a. Silvisia
ITLESDAY—At 12 m. for Newfoundland, per s. a. Silvisia
at 1 p. m. for Mexico, per s. s. Ithaka, its Progresso
and Tampico detters must be directed per Ithaka");
at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for St. Domingo
and Turks island, per s. a. New-York; at 2 p. m. for
Parbados direct, and North Brazil, 'ta Para and
Manaos, per s. a. Origen; at 13 p. m. for Costa Rico,
per steamer from New-Oriesons; at 10 p. m. for Jamaica,
per steamer from Philadelphia
WEDNESDAY—At 12:30 a. m. for Nassau, N. P. per
s'esmer from Mamb. Fis.; at 10 a. m. for Porto Rico
direct, per U. S. Transport; at 1 p. m. for Cuba, via.
Havana, also Campeche, Chiapaa, Tabasco and Turatan, per s. s. Yucatan (lettese for other parts of Mexico
must be directed "per Yucatan").
THURSDAY—At 8 a. m. for Bermuda, per s. s. Trinidad;
at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for Nassau,
N. P. Santiago de Cuba and Mansanillo, per s. a.
Baratogs; at 9 p. m. for Jamaica, per steamer from
Boston.
PRIDAY—At 12 m. for Porto Rico direct, per s. s.

Boston.
RIDAY—At 12 m. for Porto Rico direct, per a. a.
San Marcos. FRIDAY—At 12 m. for Porto Rico direct, per as San Marcos.

SATURDAY—At 9:30 a. m. (supplementary 10 a. m.) for St. Thomas, St. Croix, Leeward and Windward Islanda, also Demerara, per s. s. Madiana, at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Per s. s. Madiana, at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla. Carthagena and Greytown, per s. a. Alene (letters for Costa Rica must be directed "per Alene"); at 11 a. m. for Cuba, per s. s. Havana, via Havana (letters must be directed "per Havana"); at 12 m. (supplementary 1 p. m.) for Central America (except Costa Rica) and Scuth Pacific Ports, per s. s. Allianca, via Colon (letters for Guatemala must be directed "per Allianca"); at 1 p. m. for Nuevitas, Gibara, Vita and Haracos, per s. s. Elis.

SUNDAY—At 8:30 p. m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamer from North Sydney.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8-30 p. m., connecting close here every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. Mails for Miqueion, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8-30 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fia. and thence by steamer, close at this office daily except Monday, but if a m., connecting closes here every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Miami. Fia. and thence by steamer, close at this office every Monday, Tuesday and Saturday at 12.30 a. m., connecting closes here every Tuesday and Saturday at 12.30 a. m. connecting closes here every Tuesday and Saturday. Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless studied and closes at 6 p. m. previous day. Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day. Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day. Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day. Registered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day. Registered mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Papeiti.

mail closes at 6 p. m. second day before.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Papeiti (from San Francisco), close here daily up to April 736 at 6:50 p. m. Mails for China and Japan from Seattle), at 6:50 p. m. Mails for China and Japan from Seattle), at 6:50 p. m. Mails for Hawaii, per s. a Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to April 737 (from San Japan and Fili Islands, per s. a. Aorangi (from San Japan and Fili Islands, per s. a. Aorangi (from San Francisco), close here daily up to April 738 at 6:50 p. m. Mails for Australia (except West Australia), have a fili should be a fi

Meligione Motices.